

Why should organisations consider early adoption and avoid being late movers?

| | Early adopters | Late movers |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Market position | Set industry benchmarks and gain first-mover market advantage. | Struggle to catch up and miss out on creating competitive advantage. |
| Innovation | Leverage AI to innovate business processes, deploy the AI solutions effectively and create differentiation. | Slow to innovate business processes and take full advantage of AI solutions to create differentiation. |
| Customer relationships | Build deeper customer relationships through personalised and newer experiences. | Play catch-up to match the personalised services of early adopters. |
| Operational efficiency | Streamline operations and reduce operational cost early on. | Higher lost opportunity cost due to late entry and adoptions. |
| Learning curve | Benefit from the initial learning curve and shape industry standards. | Miss out on early learning opportunities and industry influence. |
| Market share | Increase market share and profitability through early adoption. | Struggle to achieve similar market share. |
| Barriers to entry | Create barriers for competitors through deep AI integration. | Face higher barriers to entry due to established competitors. |
| Cost to entry | Pay relatively higher cost of entry and iterative test-and-learn due to new AI solutions. | Pay relatively lower cost of entry and lower learning and experiments. |

