

[007] In many known fracking systems, as noted above, the power to run the components in a fracturing system is provided by diesel or other internal combustion engines. Such engines can be very powerful, but have certain disadvantages. For example, diesel engines are very heavy, and so require the use of a large amount of heavy equipment, including trailers and trucks, to transport the engines to and from a wellsite. In addition, such engines are not clean, but generate large amounts of exhaust and pollutants, which can cause environmental hazards, among other problems. Onsite refueling, especially during operations, presents increased risks of fuel leaks, fires, and other accidents.